## EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATION REGARDING USE OF COMPANY VEHICLE

The IRS requires employers to provide certain information on their tax return with respect to the vehicles provided to employees. This information is also used to calculate the amount of the fringe benefit to be included in the employee's W-2 income.

The IRS generally requires that written records be maintained to document the business use of vehicles. Since the company policy requires employees to maintain the detailed records, please provide answers to the following questions. If you were provided more than one vehicle that was used during the year, you need to prepare a separate statement for each vehicle.

The completed form must be returned no later than December 15, 2023, or $100 \%$ of the value of the use of the vehicle will be included in your W-2 income.

Description of vehicle $\qquad$
Reporting period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$
Odometer reading: Beginning___ Ending ___

## Employee Representation

(1) Was the vehicle available for your personal use during off-duty hours? YES
(2) Did you have another vehicle available for your personal use (this includes a car you own personally)?

- YES
$\square$ NO
(3) Are you an officer or $1 \%$ owner of the business?

YES
(4) How many commuting round trips did you make in this vehicle? $\qquad$
(5) For the reporting period specified above, please provide the the number of miles for each of the following categories:

Total commuting miles
Total other personal (non-commuting) miles $\qquad$
Total personal miles $\qquad$
Total business miles $\qquad$
TOTAL MILES
(6) Did the employer pay the cost of fuel consumed by this vehicle - YES NO

# WORKSHEET TO CALCULATE INCOME FROM PERSONAL USE OF COMPANY VEHICLE 

## EMPLOYER'S WORKSHEET TO CALCULATE EMPLOYEE'S TAXABLE INCOME RESULTING FROM EMPLOYER-PROVIDED VEHICLE <br> FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2023

EMPLOYEE:
DESCRIPTION OF VEHICLE:
DATE VEHICLE FIRST MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY EMPLOYEE: $\qquad$
DATE VEHICLE FIRST MADE AVAILABLE TO THIS EMPLOYEE: $\qquad$

Select one method (note limitations on methods II and III)
METHOD I - ANNUAL LEASE VALUE METHOD (For Autos Available 30 Days or More)
Fair market value of vehicle (to be redetermined at the
beginning of the fifth year and every four years thereafter).
Annual lease value, per attached chart
Enter number of days during the year that the vehicle was available
Divide by number of days in tax year
Prorated annual lease value
Personal use \% (personal/total miles, per statement from employee)
Personal annual lease value
If fuel is provided by employer, enter personal miles

For autos available for 7 days or less, multiply the annual lease value by 4 . If the availability is more than 7 days, but less than 30 , the taxpayer may elect to use the annual lease value without the 4 multiplier.

If fuel is provided "in kind," the fair market value may be determined based on all facts and circumstances or, alternatively, at 5.5 cents per mile if auto usage is within the U.S., Canada, and Mexico. Generally, where fuel is purchased and charged to the employer, the actual cost or reimbursement should be used. If employers with a fleet of 20 or more vehicles, reimburse or allow employees to charge fuel cost, the fleet-average cents per mile may be used. If the fleet employer determines that actual cost or fleet average methods are unreasonable administrative burdens, the 5.5 cents per mile may be used.

## Annual Lease Value Table

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Automobile Fair } \\ \text { Market Value }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Annual } \\ \text { Lease Value }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Automobile Fair } \\ \text { Market Value }\end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}Annual <br>

Lease Value\end{array}\right]\)

For vehicles having a fair market value in excess of $\$ 59,999$, the Annual Lease Value is equal to: ( $.25 \times$ automobile fair market value) $+\$ 500$.

